

# Agenda

- Partners & Goals
- Sustainability Development Goals (SDGs)
- Components
- Timeline & Next Steps
- Desired State
- Contact Information







# Funders

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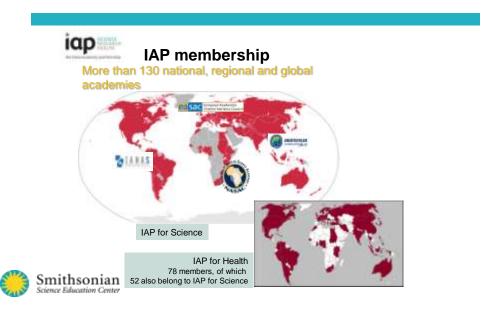




# **Development Partners**



#### International Partners – InterAcademy Partnership



# **Technical Review Team**

Name	Organization
Dr. Bruce Alberts	Chancellor's Leadership Chair in Biochemistry and Biophysics for Science Education, University of CA, San Francisco
Dr. Jorge Allende	Univ of Chile
Dr. William Sullivan	Professor of Molecular, Cell, and Developmental Biology, Univ of California, San Diego
Dr. Norma Nudleman	Univ of Buenos Aires
Shelley Peers	Director Primary Connections, Australian Academy of Sciences
Dr. Lee Cohnstaedt	Research Entomologist, USDA
Dr. Matthew Larsen	STRI, Director (Panama)



# Project Goals



#### SETTING GOALS

- UN Sustainable Development Goals
- Education for Global Citizenship
- Inquiry-Based Science Education
- Cross-Cutting Concepts



- RESOURCES
- Freely available
  International curriculum resources
- Provide educational experiences on Socio-scientific problems.



#### BUILDING COMMUNITY

- Resources centered around research of problem and development of relationships within the local community.
- Utilizing citizen science projects to build local and global community.



SERVING PEOPLE

 Goal of program is to empower communities around the world to work proactively towards making those communities healthier and more sustainable places to live.



# Sustainability in science

No single branch of the natural sciences "owns" sustainability; to the contrary, many scholars argue that addressing sustainability will require a new, interdisciplinary field of research (e.g., Clark, 2010).

Focusing solely on the scientific underpinnings of these complex problems might lead students to systematically misinterpret and underestimate the challenges that confront their local, regional, and global communities.

With these concerns in mind...



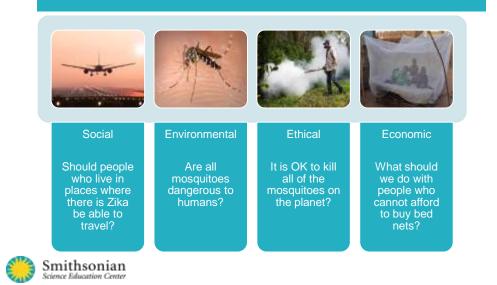
# Zika

**Driving question:** 

How can we seek to ensure health for our local community from mosquito-borne diseases?



# We are using Four Perspectives



# **Dimensions of Instruction**





# SUSTAINABLE GOALS





# **Critical Conversations**

What do people in my local community think about mosquito borne diseases? (social)

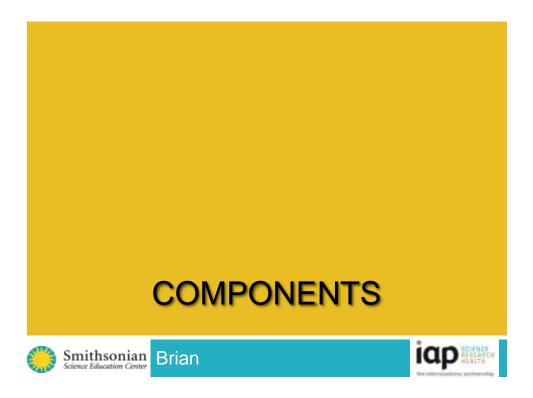
Where could mosquitoes possibly live in my local community? (environmental)

What are the economic considerations of various mosquito management plans in our community? (economic)

Is it Ok to just kill all of the mosquitoes in our community? (ethical)

Who in my local community has information about this problem? (social)





### Essential Module Components

Thinking about problem from multiple perspectives (social, ethical, economic, environmental).

Meeting Researchers with multiple perspectives of the problem.

Engaging in research on local community.

Fostering the growth of student capital and leadership through the building of local community networks.

Getting experience working and making decisions about complex civic problems within a diverse cultural context.



# Meet the Researchers



President's Malaris Indiative, Underd Status Agency for International Development (USAID)

What: is on Meera's Identity Map?

SISTER FAMILY FROM INDIAL FRIENDI VEGETARIAN CHOCOLATELOVER

STUDENTI SCIENTISTI

LOVE TO READ!

#### Task 1-6 Defining the Problem MEERA VENKATESAN

#### MALARIA TECHNICAL ADVISOR

Why is the mosquito problem such an important losse for people to understand around the world?

The resonantio is the result documents creature on the planet. It causes the samely of The imagino is the ruse it largerous creative on the planet. It causes thousands of domin, it also makes poople, when is hikburs, way with. Sen if it is not a profile where you five, it can still have a bugs effect so profile. Our fiking net have larger downly is that sengation before downers are accurate value of a sense quickly accurate the workly. Even rates places we fill not think conceptions could warriers. Scoretterms, dimense fills 2014 or Christiangurys enseigh in places it was not sense before. So, we all avant prepare for the future.

Provide a brief description of your work an monquito harme diseases.

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 I work at USAID for the President's Malaria Institute. May work helpe constraints in define and is no. Measure that the data measurement in the indice measurement would be the stability of the task.

in Africa and Asta. My work halps these constrains with their own local malaria control programs

#### **Student Conducted Community Research**

Students map out research site in local community.

Students survey community members within research site to learn more about local misconceptions, understandings, and knowledge about mosquitoes.

Students conduct mosquito, mosquito habitat, animal host and vegetation surveys throughout research site.

Students experiment with collecting and capturing eggs, larva, and pupae to determine distribution in community.

Students conduct anthropological oral histories of community members to understand urbanization changes in their community that have great impact on disease transmission.



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## Culminating activity

Having youth develop and communicate a variety of recommendations and suggestions for solutions to the mosquito problem that considers:





### **Timeline**

- Phase I: Engage scientific community to identify research in the field Jan – April <u>2017</u>
- Phase II: Engage international education community to assess current state of education materials Jan – April
- Phase III: Curriculum development May June
- Phase IV: Module Layout, Field Test Nationally, Assess Pre- and Post-Module Understanding to Measure Growth Sept – Dec
- Phase V: Revise Module Based on Feedback and Assessment, Translate to Spanish, Set up Digital Version January <u>2018</u>
- Phase VI: Conduct Field Test of Spanish Version Internationally Feb March
- Phase VII: Revise and Disseminate Spanish Version Internationally on SSEC, STRI, USDA, IAP/SEP websites March – April
- Phase VIII: Translate to other languages after April 2018



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# **Field Testing**

Field Testing took place from October 1, 2017 – January 5, 2018 in 19 sites throughout Australia, Indonesia, and the United States.

19 teachers field tested the materials and provided feedback and guidance in a variety of formal and informal education settings at various age levels (ages 8-18).



# Dissemination, Building Awareness, PD

- Public Health Awareness Campaign in Panama (sidewalk billboards, bus signs in Spanish).
- Building Awareness Event with *"Zika!"* Professional Development for 150 educators in Panama.



# Learning Lab: Digital Portal for IBSE SDG Online Modules

- There will be an IBSE SDG Landing Page on <u>https://LearningLab.si.edu</u>
- It will contain a mobile friendly version of "Zika!" and other IBSE SDG modules that we develop for IAP SEP.
- This digital portal will allow students to:

a.) **Discover** - choose from among our 40+ inquiry-based science education (IBSE) lessons we have written for "*Zika!*"; teachers choose lessons that reflect their students' age and local context

b.) **Create** - personalize the curriculum based on their students' age and local context and add their own images or local stories to the content

c.) **Share** - share their "collections" of lessons and personalized content with others

An "embed tool" will allow any IAP partner to upload the IBSE SDG Landing Page to their own website. If the Smithsonian makes any changes to the curriculum, the updates will automatically populate to every website hosting the curriculum landing page.



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# **Increasing Accessibility**

The Zika module will be free

Digital versions will be available on website and other education portals

Distribution network led by IAP, J&J, and other organizations will help widen accessibility to harder to reach areas of world

Zika Mobile App with embedded community survey tools (currently seeking funding) – Transforming the module into a free mobile app will increase accessibility to communities with access only to mobile technology.



# **Future Modules**

Future modules which utilize the instructional framework developed for Zika!

- Health/Obesity/Nutrition
- Climate Change
- Clean Energy
- Deforestation
- Access to Clean Water
- Responsible Consumption and Production





# Contact



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